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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/690,393	10/17/2000	Matthew Squire	2204/A19	3271
2101	7590 06/03/2004		EXAMINER	
BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP			SALAD, ABDULLAHI ELMI	
125 SUMME BOSTON, M	R STREET (A 02110-1618		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			2157	<u> </u>
			DATE MAIL ED: 06/03/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
· · ·	09/690,393	SQUIRE ET AL.	The				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Salad E Abdullahi	2157	-				
- The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addres	is				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	VIC CET TO EVRIDE 2 MONTH	(S) EDOM					
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replection of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror e. cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this commu ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 h	March 2004.						
•	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application	1.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected.							
•	·— · · · — ·						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 October 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			4047.0				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form P10-1	52.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documen		tion No					
2. Certified copies of the priority documen			70				
 Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Burea 		reu III uns Nauonai Staț	y c				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis		ed.					
	• **						
A44							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar	y (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail [Date					
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152	2)				
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Response to Amendment

- 1. The amendment filed on 3/19/2004 has been received and made of record.
- 2. Applicant's arguments with respect claims 1-26 have been considered but are most in view of new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tappan et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,603,756[Tappan] in view of Chen U.S. 6,567,380[hereinafter Chen].

As per claim 1, Tappan discloses a method for distributing routing information through a plurality of network devices, the plurality of network devices being members of a single domain, each of the network devices operating in accord with given policy relating to routing information, the method comprising: receiving, from outside the domain (external domain or external source i.e. router S), an information message at one of the network devices (I-ASBR), the information message having routing information (see fig. 6, and col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and

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flooding the policy filtered routing information to each of the plurality of network devices (see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Tappan is silent regarding: modifying the routing information.

Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

In considering claim 2, Tappan discloses the method as defined by claim 1, wherein the plurality of network devices are in a ring connectivity(see fig. 6).

In considering claim 3, Tappan discloses the method as defined by claim 1, wherein the plurality of network devices comprises at least three network devices, the at least three network devices including a given network device that is connected with no more than one other of the plurality of network devices (see fig. 6, elements in the domain 44).

In considering claim 4, Tappan discloses the method as defined by claim 1, wherein the act of flooding comprises adding a link state advertisement header to the policy filtered routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

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In considering claim 5, Tappan discloses the method as defined by claim 1, wherein the policy filtered routing information comprises the received routing information in the information message (col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54).

In considering claim 6, Tappan discloses the method as defined by claim 1, further comprising storing the routing information in local data storage (see col. 1, lines 23-38).

In considering claim 7, Tappan discloses a system wherein the given policy is set by an administrator (commonly administered network shows the given policy is set by an administrator)(see col. 4, line 60 to col. 5, line 35).

As per claim 8, Tappan disclose discloses an apparatus for distributing routing information through a plurality of network devices, the plurality of network devices being members of a single domain, each of the network devices operating in accord with given policy relating to routing information, the method comprising: receiving, from outside the domain (external domain or external source i.e. router S), an information message at one of the network devices (I-ASBR), the information message having routing information (see fig. 6, and col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and

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flooding the policy filtered routing information to each of the plurality of network devices (see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Tappan is silent regarding: modifying the routing information.

Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

In considering claim 9, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, wherein the plurality of network devices are in a ring connectivity(see fig. 6).

In considering claim 10, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, wherein the plurality of network devices comprises at least three network devices, the at least three network devices including a given network device that is connected with no more than one other of the plurality of network devices (see fig. 6, elements in the domain 44).

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In considering claim 11, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, wherein the act of flooding comprises adding a link state advertisement header to the policy filtered routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

In considering claim 12, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, wherein the policy filtered routing information comprises the received routing information in the information message (col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54).

In considering claim 13, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, further comprising storing the routing information in local data storage (see col. 1, lines 23-38).

In considering claim 14, Tappan discloses the apparatus as defined by claim 8, wherein the given policy is set by an administrator (commonly administered network shows the given policy is set by an administrator)(see col. 4, line 60 to col. 5, line 35).

As per claim 15, Tappan disclose a program product for use in a network device in first domain of network devices, the computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code thereon, the computer readable product code comprising:

a program code for receiving an information message the information message having routing information (see fig. 6, and col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54);

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a program code for applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and

a program code for flooding the policy filtered routing information to each of the plurality of network devices (see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Tappan is silent regarding: a program code for modifying the routing information. Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

In considering claim 16, Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, wherein the plurality of network devices are in a ring connectivity (see fig. 6).

In considering claim 17, Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, wherein the plurality of network devices comprises at least three network devices, the at least three network devices including a given network device that is

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connected with no more than one other of the plurality of network devices (see fig. 6, elements in the domain 44).

In considering claim 18, Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, wherein the act of flooding comprises adding a link state advertisement header to the policy filtered routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

In considering claim 19, Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, wherein the policy filtered routing information comprises the received routing information in the information message (col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54).

In considering claim 20, Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, further comprising storing the routing information in local data storage (see col. 1, lines 23-38).

In considering claim 21 Tappan discloses the computer program product as defined by claim 15, wherein the given policy is set by an administrator (commonly administered network shows the given policy is set by an administrator)(see col. 4, line 60 to col. 5, line 35).

As per claim 22, Tappan discloses a network device in a first domain operating in accord with given policy relating to routing information, the network device comprising:

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an input coupled with a network device in a second domain, the input receiving outside the domain (external domain or external source i.e., router S), an information message at one of the network devices (I-ASBR), the information message having routing information (see fig. 6, and col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); a policy module coupled with the input, the policy module applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and flooding the policy filtered routing information to each of the plurality of network devices (see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Tappan is silent regarding: the policy module modifying the routing information. Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

In considering claim 23, Tappan discloses the network device as defined by claim 22, further comprising a link state module for adding a link state advertisement header to the policy filtered routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

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As per claim 24, Tappan disclose a method for distributing routing information from a network device, the network device being member of a single domain and operating in accord with given policy relating to routing information, the method comprising: receiving, from within the domain, an information message with a link state a link state advertisement header at one of the network devices, the information message having a routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60). applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and forwarding the policy filtered routing information to network device in a second domain

Tappan is silent regarding: modifying the routing information.

(see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

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As per claim 25, Tappan discloses a network device in a first domain operating in accord with given policy relating to routing information, the network device comprising: an input coupled with a network device in the first domain, the input receiving an information message with a link state a link state advertisement header at one of the network devices, the information message having a routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

a policy module coupled with the input, the policy module applying the given policy (i.e. the policy of the domain 44) of the network device that received the information message to the routing information in the information message to produce policy filtered routing information (see col. 5, line 65 to col. 6, line 54); and an output coupled with a network device in a second domain, the output forwarding the policy filtered routing information to each of the plurality of network devices (see col. 8, line 51 to col. 9, line 25).

Tappan is silent regarding: modifying the routing information.

Chen discloses in an analogous art discloses a method for propagating routing information to its neighboring router including modifying (i.e., updating) a received routing information using predetermined policy (see col. 7, lines 9-24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Chen such as modifying the routing information to determine the current optimal routing information in order to make correct routing decisions.

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In considering claim 26, Tappan discloses the network device as defined by claim 22, further comprising a link state module for adding a link state advertisement header to the policy filtered routing information (see fig. 7, and col. 7, lines 6-60).

CONCLUSION

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the applicant's disclosure.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Salad E Abdullahi whose telephone number is 703-308-8441. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 5:00. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 703-305-4792. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.
- 7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should mailed to:

Box AF

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

or faxed to: (703) (872-9306).

Examiner Au 2157

5/15/2004